

General Assembly

February Session, 2014

Raised Bill No. 5527

LCO No. **2297**

Referred to Committee on LABOR AND PUBLIC EMPLOYEES

Introduced by: (LAB)

AN ACT CONCERNING A DOMESTIC WORKERS BILL OF RIGHTS.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

Section 1. Subsection (e) of section 31-58 of the 2014 supplement to
 the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu
 thereof (*Effective October 1, 2014*):

4 (e) "Employee" means any individual employed or permitted to 5 work by an employer but shall not include any individual employed in 6 camps or resorts which are open no more than six months of the year, 7 for in domestic service in or about a private home, except any 8 individual in domestic service employment as defined in the 9 regulations of the federal Fair Labor Standards Act,] or an individual 10 employed in a bona fide executive, administrative or professional 11 capacity as defined in the regulations of the Labor Commissioner or an 12 individual employed by the federal government, or any individual 13 engaged in the activities of an educational, charitable, religious, 14 scientific, historical, literary or nonprofit organization where the 15 employer-employee relationship does not, in fact, exist or where the 16 services rendered to such organizations are on a voluntary basis, or

17 any individual employed as a head resident or resident assistant by a 18 college or university, or any individual engaged in babysitting of an 19 irregular and intermittent or a casual nature, or an outside salesman as 20 defined in the regulations of the federal Fair Labor Standards Act, or 21 any individual employed by a nonprofit theater, provided such theater 22 does not operate for more than seven months in any calendar year, or a 23 member of the armed forces of the state performing military duty, as 24 such terms are defined in section 27-61;

Sec. 2. Subdivision (9) of section 31-275 of the 2014 supplement to
the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu
thereof (*Effective October 1, 2014*):

28 (9) (A) "Employee" means any person who:

(i) Has entered into or works under any contract of service or
apprenticeship with an employer, whether the contract contemplated
the performance of duties within or without the state;

- 32 (ii) Is a sole proprietor or business partner who accepts the
 33 provisions of this chapter in accordance with subdivision (10) of this
 34 section;
- (iii) Is elected to serve as a member of the General Assembly of thisstate;

(iv) Is a salaried officer or paid member of any police department orfire department;

(v) Is a volunteer police officer, whether the officer is designated as
special or auxiliary, upon vote of the legislative body of the town, city
or borough in which the officer serves;

(vi) Is an elected or appointed official or agent of any town, city or
borough in the state, upon vote of the proper authority of the town,
city or borough, including the elected or appointed official or agent,
irrespective of the manner in which he or she is appointed or

46 employed. Nothing in this subdivision shall be construed as affecting
47 any existing rights as to pensions which such persons or their
48 dependents had on July 1, 1927, or as preventing any existing custom
49 of paying the full salary of any such person during disability due to
50 injury arising out of and in the course of his or her employment;

51 (vii) Is a member of the armed forces of the state while in the 52 performance of military duty, whether paid or unpaid for such 53 military duty, in accordance with the provisions of section 27-17, 27-18 54 or 27-61; or

55 (viii) Is elected to serve as a probate judge for a probate district 56 established in section 45a-2.

57 (B) "Employee" shall not be construed to include:

(i) Any person to whom articles or material are given to be treated
in any way on premises not under the control or management of the
person who gave them out;

(ii) One whose employment is of a casual nature and who is
employed otherwise than for the purposes of the employer's trade or
business;

64 (iii) A member of the employer's family dwelling in his house; but, 65 if, in any contract of insurance, the wages or salary of a member of the 66 employer's family dwelling in his house is included in the payroll on 67 which the premium is based, then that person shall, if he sustains an 68 injury arising out of and in the course of his employment, be deemed 69 an employee and compensated in accordance with the provisions of 70 this chapter;

(iv) Any person engaged in [any type of service in or about a private
dwelling provided he is not regularly employed by the owner or
occupier over twenty-six hours per week] <u>domestic service in or about</u>
<u>a private dwelling, except that if the owner or occupier of such</u>

75 dwelling has paid such person employed in such domestic service one 76 thousand dollars or more in any calendar quarter in the current or preceding calendar year such person shall be considered an employee. 77 For purposes of this clause, "domestic service" means any service 78 79 provided to the owner or occupier of a private dwelling for the 80 operation or maintenance of such dwelling and does not include 81 service as an employee in the pursuit of an employer's trade, 82 occupation, profession, enterprise or vocation;

(v) An employee of a corporation who is a corporate officer and
who elects to be excluded from coverage under this chapter by notice
in writing to his employer and to the commissioner; or

(vi) Any person who is not a resident of this state but is injured in
this state during the course of his employment, unless such person (I)
works for an employer who has a place of employment or a business
facility located in this state at which such person spends at least fifty
per cent of his employment time, or (II) works for an employer
pursuant to an employment contract to be performed primarily in this
state.

93 Sec. 3. Subdivisions (9) and (10) of section 46a-51 of the general
94 statutes are repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof
95 (*Effective October 1, 2014*):

96 (9) "Employee" means any person employed by an employer but
97 shall not include any individual employed by such individual's
98 parents, spouse or child; [, or in the domestic service of any person;]

99 (10) "Employer" includes the state and all political subdivisions
100 thereof and means any person or employer (A) with three or more
101 persons in such person's or employer's employ, or (B) employing a
102 domestic worker, as defined in section 5 of this act, without regard to
103 the total number of domestic workers in such person's or employer's
104 employ;

105 Sec. 4. Section 31-71f of the general statutes is repealed and the 106 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2014*):

107 (a) Each employer shall: (1) Advise his <u>or her</u> employees in writing, 108 at the time of hiring, of the rate of remuneration, hours of employment 109 and wage payment schedules, and (2) make available to his <u>or her</u> 110 employees, either in writing or through a posted notice maintained in 111 a place accessible to his employees, any employment practices and 112 policies or change therein with regard to wages, vacation pay, sick 113 leave, health and welfare benefits and comparable matters.

114 (b) Each employer employing a domestic worker, as defined in 115 section 5 of this act, shall advise the domestic worker in writing, at the 116 time of hiring, of: (1) The rate of remuneration, hours of employment 117 and wage payment schedules; (2) the job duties and responsibilities; (3) the availability of sick leave, vacation, personal days and holidays, and 118 119 whether such days are paid or unpaid, and the rate at which such days 120 accrue; (4) necessary or required modes of transportation, and whether such transportation is provided, paid or reimbursed; (5) the 121 availability of health insurance, and whether it is paid or reimbursed; 122 123 (6) any applicable severance, yearly raises or other forms of 124 compensation; (7) whether the employer may charge any fees or costs 125 for board and lodging, as defined in section 31-60-3 of the regulations 126 of Connecticut state agencies; (8) the domestic worker's right to collect 127 workers' compensation if injured; and (9) any other rights afforded to 128 such domestic worker under the provisions of this section and sections 129 6 to 13, inclusive, of this act.

Sec. 5. (NEW) (*Effective October 1, 2014*) For the purposes of this section, section 46a-51 of the general statutes, as amended by this act, section 31-71f of the general statutes, as amended by this act, and sections 6 to 14, inclusive, of this act, "domestic worker" means any individual or employee who is paid or employed by an owner or occupier of a private dwelling to perform work of a domestic nature in or about such private dwelling, including, but not limited to, 137 management, child care, housekeeping, home caretaking of 138 individuals, including sick, convalescing and elderly individuals, 139 laundering, meal preparation, home companion services and other 140 household services for occupants of the private dwelling or the guests 141 of such occupants. Domestic worker does not include (1) a babysitter 142 whose employment is irregular and intermittent or of a casual nature, 143 or (2) a personal care attendant providing services pursuant to a state-144 funded program, including, but not limited to, (A) the program for 145 individuals with acquired brain injuries, established pursuant to 146 section 17b-260a of the general statutes, (B) the personal care assistance 147 program, established pursuant to section 17b-605a of the general 148 statutes, (C) the Connecticut home care program for the elderly, 149 established pursuant to section 17b-342 of the general statutes, (D) the 150 pilot program to provide home care services to disabled persons, 151 established pursuant to section 17b-617 of the general statutes, (E) the 152 individual and family support waiver program administered by the 153 Department of Developmental Services, and (F) the comprehensive 154 waiver program administered by the Department of Developmental 155 Services.

156 Sec. 6. (NEW) (Effective October 1, 2014) (a) Each employer shall 157 provide paid leave, annually, to each of such employer's domestic 158 workers that he or she employs (1) on a full-time basis, or (2) upon 159 completion of a year of employment with the employer, on a part-time 160 basis. Such paid leave shall accrue (A) beginning January 1, 2015, or 161 for a domestic worker hired after said date, beginning on the domestic 162 worker's date of employment, (B) at a rate of one hour of paid leave for 163 each forty hours worked by a domestic worker, and (C) in one-hour 164 increments up to a maximum of fifty-six hours per calendar year.

(b) Upon a domestic worker's completion of a year of full-time employment with an employer, such employer shall provide such domestic worker with eight hours of paid leave for each calendar quarter of full-time work the domestic worker performs for the employer, in addition to the paid leave provided pursuant to 170 subsection (a) of this section.

(c) Each domestic worker shall be entitled to carry over up to fiftysix unused accrued hours of paid leave from the current calendar year
to the following calendar year, but no domestic worker shall be
entitled to use more than the maximum number of accrued hours, as
described in subparagraph (C) of subsection (a) of this section, in any
calendar year.

177 (d) Each employer shall pay each domestic worker for paid leave at 178 a pay rate equal to the greater of either (1) the normal hourly wage for 179 that domestic worker, or (2) the minimum fair wage rate under section 180 31-58 of the general statutes, as amended by this act, in effect for the 181 pay period during which the domestic worker used paid leave. For 182 any domestic worker whose hourly wage varies depending on the 183 work performed by the domestic worker, the "normal hourly wage" 184 means the average hourly wage of the domestic worker in the pay 185 period prior to the one in which the domestic worker used paid leave.

186 Sec. 7. (NEW) (Effective October 1, 2014) No employer shall require a 187 domestic worker, as defined in section 5 of this act, to work more than six days in any calendar week. A domestic worker may work seven 188 189 days in any calendar week provided the domestic worker and his or 190 her employer agree, in writing, to such schedule and the domestic worker is compensated at a rate of not less than one and one-half times 191 192 his or her average hourly salary for all hours worked on the seventh 193 day.

Sec. 8. (NEW) (*Effective October 1, 2014*) Wages paid to any domestic worker, as defined in section 5 of this act, may include the reasonable value of board and lodging, as defined in section 31-60-3 of the regulations of Connecticut state agencies, and may be considered as part of the minimum fair wage if the employer has advised the domestic worker, in writing, of such conditions pursuant to subsection (b) of section 31-71f of the general statutes, as amended by this act, and the domestic worker has voluntarily accepted such conditions, inwriting, at the time of hiring.

Sec. 9. (NEW) (*Effective October 1, 2014*) (a) When a domestic worker is required to be on duty for less than twenty-four consecutive hours at an employer's private dwelling, the employer may permit the domestic worker to sleep or engage in personal activities when not actively engaged in an assignment for the employer, provided the employer compensates the domestic worker for such time as hours worked.

209 (b) When a domestic worker is required to be on duty for twenty-210 four consecutive hours or more at an employer's private dwelling, the 211 domestic worker and his or her employer may agree, in writing, to 212 exclude from the hours worked a regularly scheduled sleeping period 213 of not more than eight hours, provided (1) adequate on-site sleeping 214 facilities are furnished to the domestic worker, (2) the domestic worker 215 receives not less than seven consecutive hours off duty and 216 uninterrupted by an assignment to work during each such sleeping 217 period, and (3) if the scheduled sleeping period is interrupted by an 218 assignment to work, working time shall begin when the domestic 219 worker is notified of his or her assignment and shall end when the 220 domestic worker has completed his or her assignment. If the sleeping 221 period is interrupted so that the domestic worker receives less than 222 seven consecutive hours off duty during such period, the entire period 223 shall be considered hours worked.

Sec. 10. (NEW) (*Effective October 1, 2014*) (a) No employer shall (1) restrict or interfere with a domestic worker's private communications, (2) seize, search or inspect the domestic worker's personal belongings, or (3) engage in any conduct against a domestic worker that violates subsection (a) of section 53a-192a of the general statutes or any other section of the general statutes.

(b) No employer of a domestic worker who resides in or about theemployer's private dwelling shall enter the domestic worker's

232 designated living area in or about the employer's private dwelling 233 without such domestic worker's informed and voluntary consent, 234 except the employer may enter such designated living area if 235 emergency repairs are required, provided (1) securing such domestic 236 worker's consent within a reasonable time is not feasible, and (2) the 237 employer provides notice to the domestic worker that the employer 238 entered the domestic worker's designated living area to conduct such 239 emergency repairs within a reasonable time after doing so.

240 (c) No employer of a domestic worker shall monitor the domestic 241 worker's activities or communications by any means other than direct 242 observation, including the use of a computer, telephone, wire, radio, 243 camera, electromagnetic, photoelectronic or photo-optical systems, 244 without such domestic worker's informed and voluntary consent, 245 except an employer may use such devices to monitor a domestic 246 worker while he or she is performing care-giving tasks including, but 247 not limited to, babysitting, child care and caretaking of sick, 248 convalescing or elderly individuals.

249 Sec. 11. (NEW) (*Effective October 1, 2014*) (a) Not less than seven days 250 prior to terminating a domestic worker, an employer shall (1) provide 251 a written notice of termination to such domestic worker, and (2) if such 252 domestic worker is not eligible for unemployment compensation 253 benefits under chapter 567 of the general statutes, provide severance 254 pay to such domestic worker in an amount equal to the domestic 255 worker's average weekly work hours for the employer in the most 256 recent complete calendar quarter.

(b) The provisions of subsections (a) and (c) of this section shall not apply to any employer who terminates a domestic worker due to the domestic worker's wilful misconduct in the course of his or her employment. For purposes of this subsection, "wilful misconduct" means deliberate misconduct in wilful disregard of the employer's interest and shall include any abuse, assault or other harmful or destructive conduct committed by the domestic worker against the 264 employer, the employer's possessions, members of the employer's
265 family, guests or other individuals residing in or about the employer's
266 private dwelling.

(c) Upon terminating a domestic worker, an employer shall take allreasonable steps to prevent the homelessness of the domestic worker.

269 Sec. 12. (NEW) (Effective October 1, 2014) No employer shall 270 discharge, discipline, discriminate against, retaliate against or 271 otherwise penalize any domestic worker because the domestic worker 272 has (1) complained to the employer, an authorized representative of 273 the domestic worker or any other person, (2) filed a claim with the 274 Labor Commissioner or instituted or caused to be instituted any 275 proceeding under section 13 of this act, (3) testified or is about to 276 testify in any such proceeding, or (4) exercised any right afforded to 277 him or her by the provisions of sections 6 to 13, inclusive, of this act.

278 Sec. 13. (NEW) (Effective October 1, 2014) (a) A domestic worker 279 may file a complaint with the Labor Commissioner alleging a violation 280 of any provision of section 31-71f of the general statutes, as amended 281 by this act, and sections 6 to 12, inclusive, of this act. Upon receipt of 282 the complaint, the commissioner shall investigate such complaint and 283 may hold a hearing. After the hearing, the commissioner shall send 284 each party a written copy of his or her decision. A domestic worker 285 who prevails in such hearing shall be awarded reasonable attorney's 286 fees and costs.

287 (b) If the commissioner finds a domestic worker has been aggrieved 288 by an employer's violation of any provision of section 31-71f of the 289 general statutes, as amended by this act, and sections 6 to 12, inclusive, 290 of this act, the commissioner shall (1) levy against the employer a civil 291 penalty of up to five hundred dollars for the first violation and one 292 thousand dollars for each subsequent violation, and (2) award such 293 domestic worker all appropriate relief including rehiring or 294 reinstatement to his or her previous job, payment of back wages and

any interest due on such wages, compensation for the denial of days of
leave, reestablishment of employee benefits or any other remedies that
the commissioner may deem appropriate.

(c) Any party aggrieved by the decision of the commissioner may
appeal the decision to the Superior Court, in accordance with the
provisions of chapter 54 of the general statutes.

301 (d) The commissioner may request the Attorney General to bring an
302 action in the Superior Court to recover the penalties levied pursuant to
303 subsection (b) of this section.

(e) Nothing in this section shall prohibit a domestic worker from
filing a civil suit against an employer in a court of competent
jurisdiction to recover all appropriate relief including rehiring or
reinstatement to his or her previous job, payment of back wages and
any interest due on such wages, compensation for the denial of days of
leave, reestablishment of employee benefits or any other remedies that
the judge may deem appropriate.

Sec. 14. (*Effective October 1, 2014*) (a) There is established a domestic workers task force. Such task force shall study issues involving domestic workers in the state and make recommendations for legislative initiatives to provide outreach and education services to domestic workers and employers of domestic workers in the state.

316 (b) The task force shall consist of the following members:

317 (1) The executive director of the Permanent Commission on the318 Status of Women, or the executive director's designee;

319 (2) The Labor Commissioner, or the commissioner's designee;

320 (3) The Attorney General, or the Attorney General's designee;

321 (4) One appointed by the house chair of the joint standing 322 committee of the General Assembly having cognizance of matters 323 relating to labor and public employees, who shall represent domestic324 workers in the state;

(5) One appointed by the senate chair of the joint standing
committee of the General Assembly having cognizance of matters
relating to labor and public employees, who shall represent employers
that employ domestic workers in the state;

329 (6) The speaker of the House of Representatives, or the speaker's330 designee;

(7) The president pro tempore of the Senate, or the president protempore's designee;

(8) The majority leader of the House of Representatives, or themajority leader's designee;

(9) The majority leader of the Senate, or the majority leader'sdesignee;

(10) The minority leader of the House of Representatives, or theminority leader's designee; and

(11) The minority leader of the Senate, or the minority leader'sdesignee.

341 (c) Any member of the task force appointed under subdivisions (4)
342 to (11), inclusive, of subsection (b) of this section may be a member of
343 the General Assembly.

(d) All appointments to the task force shall be made not later than
thirty days after the effective date of this section. Any vacancy shall be
filled by the appointing authority.

(e) The speaker of the House of Representatives and the president
pro tempore of the Senate shall select the chairpersons of the task force
from among the members of the task force. Such chairpersons shall

350 schedule the first meeting of the task force, which shall be held not351 later than sixty days after the effective date of this section.

(f) The administrative staff of the joint standing committee of the
General Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to labor and
public employees shall serve as administrative staff of the task force.

355 (g) Not later than October 1, 2015, the task force shall submit, in 356 accordance with the provisions of section 11-4a of the general statutes, 357 a report on its findings and recommendations to the Governor, the Joint Committee on Legislative Management and the joint standing 358 359 committee of the General Assembly having cognizance of matters 360 relating to labor and public employees. The task force shall terminate 361 on the date that it submits such report or October 1, 2015, whichever is 362 later.

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following		
sections:		
Section 1	October 1, 2014	31-58(e)
Sec. 2	October 1, 2014	31-275(9)
Sec. 3	October 1, 2014	46a-51(9) and (10)
Sec. 4	October 1, 2014	31-71f
Sec. 5	October 1, 2014	New section
Sec. 6	October 1, 2014	New section
Sec. 7	October 1, 2014	New section
Sec. 8	October 1, 2014	New section
Sec. 9	October 1, 2014	New section
Sec. 10	October 1, 2014	New section
Sec. 11	October 1, 2014	New section
Sec. 12	October 1, 2014	New section
Sec. 13	October 1, 2014	New section
Sec. 14	October 1, 2014	New section

Statement of Purpose:

To establish certain requirements for the employment of domestic workers in the state.

[Proposed deletions are enclosed in brackets. Proposed additions are indicated by underline, except that when the entire text of a bill or resolution or a section of a bill or resolution is new, it is not underlined.]